



Pradhan Mantri Bhartiya Janaushadhi Pariyojana (PMBJP)

Advancing Affordable and Equitable Healthcare

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Key Takeaways

- Over **18,000 Jan Aushadhi Kendras** supply quality generic medicines at **50-80%** lower prices.
- The Government aims to open **25,000 Kendras** by March 2027, ensuring access even in **rural and remote areas** through a franchisee-based model.
- Women, SC/ST, Divyangjan, and veterans receive special incentives up to **Rs 2 lakh** to establish Kendras, **boosting inclusive entrepreneurship**.
- Initiatives like **Jan Aushadhi Suvidha sanitary napkins at Rs 1** and the Sugam mobile app **enhance menstrual health** and **digital access** to affordable healthcare.

Introduction

In recent years, India has undertaken sustained policy measures to enhance the affordability and accessibility of healthcare. Since medicines constitute a significant share of household out-of-pocket expenditure, ensuring their availability at reasonable prices is critical to financial protection and equitable access. Branded (generic) medicines are often sold at significantly higher prices than their unbranded generic equivalents, even though they have the same therapeutic value. Addressing this disparity requires consistent policy intervention to reduce treatment costs and safeguard access to essential medicines, particularly for economically vulnerable populations.

A significant initiative in this direction was the launch of the **Pradhan Mantri Bhartiya Janaushadhi Pariyojana (PMBJP)**. The scheme seeks to provide quality-assured generic medicines at **significantly lower prices** through an expanding network of dedicated **Jan Aushadhi Kendras (JAKs)** across the country, thereby strengthening the affordability and access to generic pharmaceuticals.



Janaushadhi Saptah 2026 was launched as a nationwide outreach initiative to promote awareness of affordable, quality generic medicines, culminating in the observance of the **8th Janaushadhi Diwas on 7 March**. As part of the week-long programme, health check-up camps were organised from 1 to 5 March 2026 at over 250 locations across the country **by the Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Bureau of India (PMBI)** under the Department of Pharmaceuticals, Ministry of Chemicals and Fertilisers.

Aligned with this year's theme, **"Janaushadhi Sasti Bhi, Bharosemand Bhi, Sehat Ki Baat, Bachat Ke Saath,"** the initiative combines on-site diagnostic services with public engagement activities to enhance awareness about the availability of affordable, quality-assured generic medicines at JAKs.

Quality Assurance of Medicines under PMBJP

Medicines supplied under PMBJP are procured exclusively from manufacturers compliant with the **World Health Organization's Good Manufacturing Practices (WHO-GMP)**, thereby ensuring adherence to internationally recognised quality standards. Each batch undergoes rigorous testing at laboratories accredited by the **National Accreditation Board for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (NABL)**. Distribution to *Jan Aushadhi Kendras* is undertaken only after the medicines conform to prescribed quality parameters.

Widening the Footprint of Affordable Medicines Across India

Under the scheme, over **18000 Jan Aushadhi Kendras (JAKs)** are operational. The scheme's product portfolio includes **2,110 medicines, 315 surgical items**, medical consumables, and devices spanning 29 therapeutic categories, including anti-infectives, anti-diabetics, cardiovascular drugs, anti-cancer medications, and gastrointestinal treatments. On average, about **10 to 12 lakh persons** visit these Kendras daily and avail **quality medicines** at affordable prices across the country, including in rural and remote areas.



Notably, the maximum retail prices (MRPs) of medicines available under the PMBJP are generally **50-80%** lower than those of comparable branded medicines, significantly reducing rural households' healthcare expenditure. By June 2025, Jan Aushadhi medicines with an aggregate MRP value of **₹7,700 crore** have been sold, generating estimated savings of approximately **₹38,000 crore** for citizens relative to equivalent branded alternatives.

Franchise-Based Expansion of the Janaushadhi Kendras (JAKs)

The Government has set a target to **open 25,000 JAKs** under the scheme by March 2027. To achieve this target, a franchise-based model has been adopted. Online applications are invited from **individual entrepreneurs, non-governmental organisations, societies, trusts, firms, and private entities** through the official portal of the Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Bureau of India (PMBI), www.janaushadhi.gov.in. This inclusive framework supports the establishment of JAKs across urban, rural, and remote areas, including blocks and tehsils, helping to ensure wider access to affordable, quality-assured generic medicines for all.

Citizen-Centric Initiative: Janaushadhi Suvidha Sanitary Napkin



The PMBJP has introduced several citizen-centric initiatives to improve accessibility, affordability, and awareness in healthcare delivery. The Janaushadhi **Suvidha Oxo-biodegradable Sanitary Napkins** is one key initiative, introduced in 2019, to **enhance affordable access to menstrual hygiene products** for women across India. Priced at a **highly subsidized rate of ₹1 per pad**, the initiative aims to **reduce financial barriers** to safe menstrual practices. The napkins incorporate an Oxo-biodegradable additive that facilitates degradation upon exposure to oxygen after disposal, supporting **environmentally responsible consumption**.

Aligned with the principles of **hygiene, health, and accessibility**, the initiative particularly benefits economically vulnerable women. By **31 January 2026**, more than **100 crore Suvidha sanitary pads** have been sold under the scheme. Of these, **over 22.50 crore pads were sold during FY 2025–26 alone**, up to **31 January 2026**. Currently, over **18,000 JAKs** nationwide distribute Suvidha napkins, thereby expanding access to safe and hygienic menstrual products.

Digital-Enabled initiative: Jan Aushadhi Sugam Mobile Application



The “**Jan Aushadhi Sugam**” mobile application was **launched in 2019** to strengthen **accessibility, transparency, and user convenience**. The application serves as a digital interface that enables citizens to access information **on generic medicines and related services** in a streamlined manner.

Key features include:

- Geolocation-enabled identification of the **nearest JAK** through Google Maps integration.
- Search functionality for generic medicines along with **real-time availability status**, and
- Comparative analysis of maximum retail prices (MRPs) between Jan Aushadhi generics and branded alternatives, highlighting **potential cost savings**.

The Jan Aushadhi Sugam App is available **free of charge on both Android and iOS platforms** via the Google Play Store and Apple App Store. The application represents a significant **digital governance intervention** aimed at expanding **access to affordable medicines** and **promoting informed adoption** of quality generic drugs nationwide.

Strengthening Last-Mile Healthcare Access through Strategic JAK Expansion

The scheme not only focuses on expanding the network of Jan Aushadhi Kendras (JAKs) but also emphasizes ensuring their operational stability and long-term sustainability. In this regard, several strategic measures have been undertaken to reinforce the viability and effectiveness of JAKs:

- **Expansion of Product Basket:** The range of medicines is continually expanding to **cover a wide spectrum of chronic and acute conditions**, ensuring broader patient access. In addition, nutraceutical products such as protein powders, malt-based food supplements, and glucometers have been introduced to **diversify offerings and improve store viability**.
- **Integration with Public Health Infrastructure:** State Health Departments and other authorities are encouraged to facilitate the **opening of JAKs within government hospitals** by providing rent-free premises, thereby **increasing accessibility and footfall**.
- **Performance-Linked Stocking Norms:** A minimum stocking requirement mandates that **Kendras maintain at least 200 fast-moving medicines** to qualify for incentives, ensuring **consistent availability of essential drugs**.
- **Cooperative Sector Participation:** Primary Agricultural Credit Societies (**PACS**) can leverage their widespread rural network of over **13 crores small and marginal farmers** and their existing infrastructure, such as land, buildings, and storage facilities, to establish and operate Jan Aushadhi Kendras. This allows them to serve as **affordable medicine hubs** in remote areas where access to such medicine is limited. Established trust in PACS and its relationship with rural populations further helps ensure the success of these Kendras.

JAKs at Railways Stations

Under the scheme, a total of **116 JAKs** have been established at railway stations across the country as of **31 January 2026**. This initiative seeks to enhance accessibility by ensuring the availability of quality, affordable medicines to the public, including migrant workers and low-income travelers, at the railway station. Their presence at high-footfall transit hubs enhances last-mile accessibility and promotes timely access to essential medicines at reduced prices.

Institutional and Regulatory Requirements for Establishing a PMBJK Outlet

Individuals holding a **D. Pharma or B. Pharma** qualification, as well as individuals/organizations employing a qualified pharmacist, are eligible to establish a JAKs. The principal eligibility criteria and procedural requirements for applying and setting up such an outlet are as follows:

- **Minimum space: 120 square feet.**
- **Pharmacist registration:** The pharmacist must be registered with the State Pharmacy Council in the State in which they practice.
- **Category-specific documentation:** Submission of a suitable certificate/proof issued by the concerned authority for applicants belonging to the **Divyangjan, SC, or ST category**.

Promoting Inclusive Entrepreneurship through Financial Incentives

Under the **PMBJK**, a structured incentive approach supports the financial viability and operational sustainability for Kendra operators. Operators receive a **20% trade margin** on the MRP of each drug (excluding taxes). They are also eligible for **performance-linked monthly incentives** up to a prescribed

limit. In addition, a **one-time special incentive** is provided to Women, Divyangjan, SC/ST entrepreneurs, and those opening Kendras in **aspirational and geographically disadvantaged regions**. Therefore, the incentives encourage inclusive participation in expanding access to affordable medicines.

Operational Viability under PMBJP

Sale Margin to Kendra Owners 20%
margin in all Medical/Surgical Equipment

Special Incentive

- An amount of Rs. 2 Lakhs in addition to normal incentives is applicable as:
- ₹1.50 lakh – Furniture & fixtures
- ₹0.50 lakh – Computer, internet, printer, scanner, etc.
- One-time grant for opening of new JAKs against submission of original bills and restricted up to actual expenditure incurred

Normal Incentive

- Owners linked with PMBI are eligible for incentives of up to ₹5.00 lakh.
- The incentive is calculated at 20% of monthly purchases.
- It is subject to a maximum of ₹20,000 per month.
- Compliance with prescribed stocking requirements is mandatory.
- The incentive continues until the total ceiling of ₹5.00 lakh is reached.

Source: Ministry of Chemicals and Fertilizers

Special Incentives

Special incentives shall be granted for PMBJK opened by women entrepreneurs, Divyang, Scheduled Caste (SC), Scheduled Tribe (ST), and any entrepreneur opening a Jan Aushadhi Kendra in aspirational districts (backward districts) as notified by the NITI Aayog & in Himalayan, Island territories, and North-Eastern States. An amount of **Rs. 2.00 lakhs** in addition to normal incentives as applicable is to be given to the above-mentioned entrepreneurs as mentioned below:

- **1.50 lakh** reimbursement of furniture and fixtures
- **0.50 lakh** as reimbursement for Computer, internet, printer, scanner, etc.

This will be a one-time grant for the opening of a new PMBJK, subject to the submission of original bills and restricted to the actual expenditure incurred.

Normal Incentive

PMBJKs run by entrepreneurs, pharmacists, NGOs, and charitable organisations linked with the Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Bureau of India (PMBI) are eligible for incentives of up to ₹5.00 lakh. The incentive is provided at 20% of monthly purchases, subject to a maximum of **₹20,000 per month** and compliance with stocking requirements. It continues until the total limit of **₹5 lakh** is reached.

This benefit also applies to Kendras opened by women entrepreneurs, Divyangjan, SC/ST entrepreneurs, and those established in Aspirational Districts, Himalayan regions, Island territories, and North-Eastern States.

Supply Chain Strengthening and Logistics Management

The Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Bureau of India (PMBI) has undertaken a series of systemic measures to strengthen the supply chain and ensure seamless availability of medicines at JAKs.

- **An end-to-end, information-technology-enabled** supply chain management system has been operationalised, **comprising five central warehouses and 41 distributors nationwide**, to enhance logistical efficiency and ensure timely medicine distribution.

- Since September 2024, the stocking of **200 high-demand medicines** at JAKs has been incentivised. This curated basket includes the **100 top-selling medicines** and the **100 fastest-moving pharmaceutical products** in the broader market.

Additionally, PMBI continuously monitors **400 fast-moving products** and carries out systematic demand forecasting to maintain supply stability. The forecasting mechanism is being progressively digitised to strengthen procurement planning and improve operational efficiency through increased automation.

Conclusion

The Pradhan Mantri Bhartiya Janaushadhi Pariyojana (PMBJP) has become a key pillar in advancing **affordable and equitable healthcare** in India by ensuring widespread access to quality generic medicines at substantially lower prices. Through a **steadily expanding network** of Jan Aushadhi Kendras, robust **quality assurance** mechanisms, and **digital tools** that enhance transparency and convenience, the scheme has helped **reduce households' financial burden** of medical expenses nationwide.

By promoting **inclusive entrepreneurship** and introducing **citizen-focused initiatives** such as affordable sanitary products and nationwide awareness campaigns, PMBJP goes beyond cost reduction to foster **accessibility, trust, and empowerment**. As the programme continues to expand its reach, it reinforces the Government's commitment to delivering **reliable, affordable healthcare for all**.

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