

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF ELECTRONICS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY  
**LOK SABHA**  
**UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1695**  
TO BE ANSWERED ON: 29.07.2026

**PLI SCHEME FOR LARGE-SCALE ELECTRONICS/IT HARDWARE**

**1695. SHRI RADHAKRISHNA:**

Will the Minister of ELECTRONICS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of committed investment, actual investment realised and incentive disbursed to date under the PLI Scheme for Large-Scale Electronics/IT Hardware, company-wise;
- (b) the proportion of incremental production under the scheme involving only assembly of imported sub-components/semi-knocked-down units, as against production involving components manufactured domestically, company-wise;
- (c) the details of funds allocated, sanctioned, released and utilised under the scheme overall; and
- (d) the trajectory of domestic value addition achieved year-on-year since the scheme's launch?

**ANSWER**

MINISTER OF STATE FOR ELECTRONICS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY  
(SHRI JITIN PRASADA)

(a) to (d): **India's electronics manufacturing strategy:**

Government of India has taken several policy initiatives to develop a complete ecosystem of electronics manufacturing.

Government adopted a well thought out strategy to develop India's electronic manufacturing ecosystem – beginning with the manufacturing of finished products, followed by sub-assemblies, components, and eventually machinery and tools. At the same time, Government focused on creating the necessary infrastructure to support electronics manufacturing.

As a result of these initiatives, electronics manufacturing in India has expanded significantly in the last 12 years, which can be seen from the following statistics:

| #                                   | 2014-15         | 2025-26        | Remarks             |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------|
| Production of electronics goods (₹) | ~1.9 Lakh Cr    | ~13.11 Lakh Cr | Increased 7 times   |
| Export of electronics goods (₹)     | ~38 thousand Cr | ~4.24 Lakh Cr  | Increased 11 times  |
| Production of mobile phones (₹)     | ~18 thousand Cr | ~6.27 Lakh Cr  | Increased 33 times  |
| Export of mobile phones (₹)         | ~1500 Cr        | ~ 2.59 Lakh Cr | Increased 165 times |

- India has now reached a point where 99.2% of the mobile phones being used in India are made in India.
- India today is the second largest mobile manufacturer in volume terms.
- The country has transitioned from being a net importer of mobile phones in 2014 to becoming a net exporter.
- Today India's electronics manufacturing sector supports ~25 lakh jobs (direct and indirect) reflecting the sector's growing role in creating industrial employment opportunities.
- Mobile manufacturing ecosystem alone currently employs around 12 lakh people (both direct and in-direct) across the value chain.

### **Production Linked Incentive Scheme (PLI) for Large Scale Electronics Manufacturing (LSEM)**

PLI Scheme for LSEM was notified on 01.04.2020, to boost domestic manufacturing and attract investment in mobile phones value chain including electronic components. The target envisaged and achievements made under PLI LSEM during the scheme tenure are as under:

| <b>Particulars</b>                          | <b>Target during scheme tenure</b> | <b>Achievement</b> |
|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Investment (₹ Cr)                           | 7,000                              | 20,587 (294%)      |
| Sales/Production (₹ Cr)                     | 8,12,550                           | 11,61,581 (143%)   |
| Exports (₹ Cr)                              | 4,87,530                           | 6,53,745 (134%)    |
| Incremental Employment (Direct Jobs) (Nos.) | 2,00,000                           | 1,69,150 (84%)     |

The incentive outlay under the scheme is ₹ 34,139 Cr. As of March 2026, incentives of ₹19,091 Cr have been disbursed under the scheme.

The success of PLI-LSEM has established India as a credible global manufacturing destination. It has also catalysed investment in mobile ecosystem across country. The number of major components and EMS companies in smartphone ecosystem grew from 10 to 40+. Many more tier 2, tier 3 and tier 4 suppliers have integrated into the supply chain. This supply chain is now spread across the country. Domestic value addition in mobile manufacturing has also increased from around ~15% to ~23% during the scheme tenure, indicating gradual deepening of localization.

### **Production Linked Incentive (PLI) Scheme 2.0 for IT Hardware**

PLI Scheme 2.0 for IT Hardware was notified on 29.05.2023, to boost domestic manufacturing and attract investment in IT Hardware value chain. The target envisaged vis-à-vis achievements made under the PLI Schemes for IT Hardware till 30.06.2026 are as under:

| <b>Particulars</b>                                     | <b>Target during scheme tenure</b> | <b>Target till FY 2026-27</b> | <b>Achievement (till 30.06.2026)</b> |
|--------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Cumulative Investment (₹ Cr)                           | 2,430                              | 1,060                         | 1,056 (99%)                          |
| Cumulative Sales/Production (₹ Cr)                     | 3,35,025                           | 54,075                        | 24,385 (45%)                         |
| Cumulative Incremental Employment (Direct Jobs) (Nos.) | 75,000                             | 12,105                        | 5,216 (43%)                          |

The incentive outlay under the PLI Scheme 2.0 for IT Hardware is ₹ 16,939 Cr. As of June 2026, incentives of ₹97.85 Cr have been disbursed under the PLI Schemes for IT Hardware.

The Scheme has significantly strengthened India's domestic IT hardware manufacturing ecosystem by encouraging participation from both global and domestic companies. It has led to the commencement of domestic production of critical IT hardware sub-assemblies and components, thereby laying the foundation for a stronger component ecosystem and higher domestic value addition. The Scheme has also facilitated technology transfer and enhanced manufacturing capabilities through production by global brands and their EMS partners in India. Further, it has strengthened linkages between global OEMs and Indian EMS companies, supporting deeper integration of the domestic industry with global value chains.

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